

THE ROSEN LAW FIRM, P.A.

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[Proposed] Lead Counsel for Plaintiff and Class

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

YONGQIU ZHAO, Individually and On Behalf of
All Others Similarly Situated,

Plaintiff,

v.

DEUTSCHE BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT,
JOHN CRYAN, JAMES VON MOLTKE, AND
MARCUS SCHENCK,

Defendants.

CASE No.: 1: 18-cv-05104-AJN

**MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN
SUPPORT OF DALE GREEN'S
MOTION TO APPOINT LEAD
PLAINTIFF AND APPROVE
LEAD PLAINTIFF'S SELECTION
OF COUNSEL**

CLASS ACTION

Plaintiff Dale Green ("Movant") respectfully submits this memorandum of law in support of his motion for an Order, pursuant to Section 21D(a)(3)(B) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), as amended by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the "PSLRA"): (1) appointing Movant as Lead Plaintiff for the class of all purchasers or acquirers of the Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft ("Deutsche Bank" or the "Company") securities between March 20, 2017 and May 30, 2018, both dates inclusive (the "Class Period"); and (2) approving Movant's selection of The Rosen Law Firm, P.A. as Lead Counsel for the Class.

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

This action was commenced on June 7, 2018 against Deutsche Bank and certain of its officers, and directors, for violations under the Exchange Act. That same day a law firm issued an early notice pursuant to the PSLRA advising class members of, *inter alia*, the allegations and claims in the Complaint, the Class Period, and advising class members of their option to seek appointment as Lead Plaintiff. *See Ex. 1* hereto.

Deutsche Bank is a global financial service provider that delivers commercial, investment, private, and retail banking. The complaint alleges that during the Class Period, Defendants made materially false and/or misleading statements and/or failed to disclose that: (1) Deutsche Bank's internal control environment and infrastructure were materially weak and deficient; and (2) as a result, Deutsche Bank's statements about its business and operations were materially false and misleading at all relevant times. On May 31, 2018, the *Wall Street Journal* published an article, "Deutsche Bank's U.S. Operations Deemed Troubled by Fed" which revealed that the Federal Reserve designated Deutsche Bank as being in "troubled condition" which is one of the lowest designations used by the Federal Reserve. This downgrade occurred about a year before but only being made public in May 2018. On this news, shares of Deutsche Bank fell \$0.49 per share, or over 4.24%, to close at \$11.08 per share on May 31, 2018, damaging investors.

ARGUMENT

I. MOVANT SHOULD BE APPOINTED LEAD PLAINTIFF

The PSLRA directs courts to consider any motion to serve as lead plaintiff filed by class members in response to a published notice of class action by the later of (i) 90 days after the date of publication of the notice; or (ii) as soon as practicable after the Court decides any pending motion to consolidate. 15 U.S.C. § 78u-4(a)(3)(B). The PSLRA provides a "rebuttable

presumption” that the “most adequate plaintiff” to serve as lead plaintiff is the person or group that:

- (aa) has either filed the complaint or made a motion in response to a notice;
- (bb) in the determination of the Court, has the largest financial interest in the relief sought by the class; and
- (cc) otherwise satisfies the requirements of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

15 U.S.C. § 78u-4(a)(3)(B)(iii).

As set forth below, Movant satisfies all three of these criteria, and thus is entitled to the presumption of being the “most adequate plaintiff” for the Class.

A. Movant Is Willing to Serve as Class Representative

Movant has filed herewith a PSLRA certification attesting that he is willing to serve as a representative of the class and remains willing to provide testimony at deposition and trial, if necessary. *See Ex. 2.* Accordingly, Movant satisfies the first requirement to serve as Lead Plaintiff for the Class.

B. Movant Has the Largest Financial Interest in the Action

The PSLRA requires a court to adopt a rebuttable presumption that “the most adequate plaintiff...is the person or group of persons that ...has the largest financial interest in the relief sought by the class.” 15 U.S.C. § 78u-4(a)(3)(B)(iii). “While the PSLRA does not specify how we should decide which plaintiff group has the ‘largest financial interest’ in the relief sought, most courts simply determine which potential lead plaintiff has suffered the greatest total losses.” *Takara Trust v. Molex*, 229 F.R.D. 577, 579 (N.D. Ill. 2005). Of the Lax/Olsen-styled¹ factors in determining the largest financial interest, the financial loss is the most significant factor. *See In*

¹ *Lax v. Merch. Acceptance Corp.*, 1997 WL 461036 *5 (N.D. Ill. Aug. 11, 1997); *In re Olsten Corp. Sec. Litig.*, 3 F.Supp.2d 286, 295 (E.D.N.Y. 1998).

re Fuwei Films Sec. Litig., 247 F.R.D. 432, 437 (S.D.N.Y. 2008). Indeed, “the best yardstick by which to judge ‘largest financial interest’ is the amount of loss, period.” *In re Bally Total Fitness, Sec. Litig.*, 2005 WL 627960 * 4 (N.D. Ill. Mar. 15, 2005).

Movant lost \$549,804.08 in connection with his purchases of Deutsche Bank securities. See Ex. 3 hereto. Movant is not aware of any other movant that has suffered greater losses in Deutsche Bank securities during the Class Period. Accordingly, Movant satisfies the largest financial interest requirement to be appointed as Lead Plaintiff for the class.

C. Movant Satisfies the Requirements of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure

Section 21D(a)(3)(B)(iii)(I)(cc) of the PSLRA further provides that, in addition to possessing the largest financial interest in the outcome of the litigation, the Lead Plaintiff must “otherwise satisfy the requirements of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.” Rule 23(a) provides that a party may serve as a class representative if the following four requirements are satisfied:

- (1) the class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable, (2) there are questions of law or fact common to the class, (3) the claims or defenses of the representative parties are typical of the claims or defenses of the class, and (4) the representative parties will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the class.

In making its determination that the Lead Plaintiff satisfies the requirements of Rule 23, the Court need not raise its inquiry to the level required in ruling on a motion for class certification – a *prima facie* showing that Movant will satisfy the requirements of Rule 23 is sufficient. *Fuwei Films*, 247 F.R.D. at 439 (only a *prima facie* showing is required). Moreover, “typicality and adequacy of representation are the only provisions relevant to a determination of lead plaintiff under the PSLRA.” *In re Oxford Health Plans, Inc. Sec. Litig.*, 182 F.R.D. 42, 49 (S.D.N.Y. 1998).

1. Movant's Claims are Typical

The Rule 23(a) typicality requirement is satisfied when a plaintiff's claims arise from the same event, practice or course of conduct that gives rise to other class members' claims and plaintiff's claims are based on the same legal theory. *See In re Livent, Inc. Noteholders Sec. Litig.*, 210 F.R.D. 512, 516 (S.D.N.Y. 2002). Rule 23 does not require the lead plaintiff to be identically situated with all class members. *Id.*

Here, Movant's claims are typical of the claims asserted by the Class. Movant, like all members of the Class, alleges that Defendants violated the Exchange Act by issuing false and misleading statements about the Company's business and financial condition. Movant's interests are closely aligned with the other Class members' and their interests are, therefore, typical of the other members of the Class.

2. Movant Is Adequate

The adequacy of representation of Rule 23 is satisfied where it is established that a representative party has the ability to represent the claims of the class vigorously, has obtained adequate counsel, and there is no conflict between a potential representative's claim and those asserted on behalf of the class. *In re Cendant Corp. Litigation*, 264 F.3d. 201, 265 (3d Cir. 2001).

Here, Movant has communicated with competent, experienced counsel concerning this case, and has made this motion to be appointed as Lead Plaintiff. Movant is not aware that any conflict exists between Movant's claims and those asserted on behalf of the Class. Movant also sustained substantial financial losses from his investments in Deutsche Bank securities and is therefore, extremely motivated to pursue claims in this action.

D. Movant Is Presumptively the Most Adequate Plaintiff

The presumption in favor of appointing Movant as Lead Plaintiff may be rebutted only upon proof “by a purported member of the Plaintiffs’ class” that the presumptively most adequate plaintiff:

- (aa) will not fairly adequately protect the interest of the class; or
- (bb) is subject to unique defenses that render such plaintiff incapable of adequately representing the class.

15 U.S.C. § 78u-4(a)(3)(B)(iii).

The presumption that Movant is the most adequate Lead Plaintiff is not, therefore subject to rebuttal. Movant has suffered substantial financial losses and has the largest financial interest in this case of any timely lead plaintiff. The ability of Movant to represent the Class fairly and adequately is discussed above. Movant is not aware of any unique defenses Defendants could raise against him that would render Movant inadequate to represent the Class. Accordingly, Movant is presumptively the most adequate plaintiff and should be appointed as Lead Plaintiff for the Class.

II. THE MOVANT’S SELECTION OF COUNSEL SHOULD BE APPROVED

The PSLRA vests authority in the Lead Plaintiff to select and retain Lead Counsel, subject to the approval of the Court. 15 U.S.C. § 78u-4(a)(3)(B)(v). The Court should only interfere with Lead Plaintiff’s selection when necessary “to protect the interests of the class.” 15 U.S.C. § 78u-4(a)(3)(B)(iii)(II)(aa).

Movant has selected The Rosen Law Firm, P.A. as Lead Counsel. The firm has been actively researching Movant’s and Class Plaintiffs’ claims, including reviewing publicly available financial and other documents while gathering information in support of the claims against the defendants. Furthermore, the firm is experienced in the area of securities litigation

and class actions, having been appointed as lead counsel in securities class actions in this District and in other courts throughout the nation. *See Ex. 4 hereto.* The firm has prosecuted securities fraud class actions and other complex litigation and obtained substantial recoveries on behalf of investors.

As a result of the firm's experience in litigation involving issues similar to those raised in this action, Movant's counsel has the skill and knowledge to prosecute this action effectively and expeditiously. Thus, the Court may be assured that by approving Movant's selection of Lead Counsel, the members of the class will receive the best legal representation available.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, Movant respectfully requests the Court issue an Order: (1) appointing Movant as Lead Plaintiff of the Class; (2) approving the Movant's selection of The Rosen Law Firm, P.A. as Lead Counsel; and (3) granting such other relief as the Court may deem to be just and proper.

Dated: August 6, 2018

Respectfully submitted,

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[Proposed] Lead Counsel for Plaintiff and Class

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on this 6th day of August 2018, a true and correct copy of the foregoing **MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF DALE GREEN'S MOTION TO APPOINT LEAD PLAINTIFF AND APPROVE LEAD PLAINTIFF'S SELECTION OF COUNSEL** was served by CM/ECF to the parties registered to the Court's CM/ECF system.

/s/ Phillip Kim